# HEALTH DISPARITIES IN RURAL COLORADO AND THE PROGRAM AIMED AT REDUCING READMISSIONS

Colorado faces many obstacles to health in the vast rural parts of the state. The Colorado Rural Health Center manages the iCARE program (Improving Communication and Readmission), designed to build off of the success of Colorado's Critical Access Hospitals (CAHs) by aiding in reducing readmissions for pneumonia, lung disease, and diabetes.

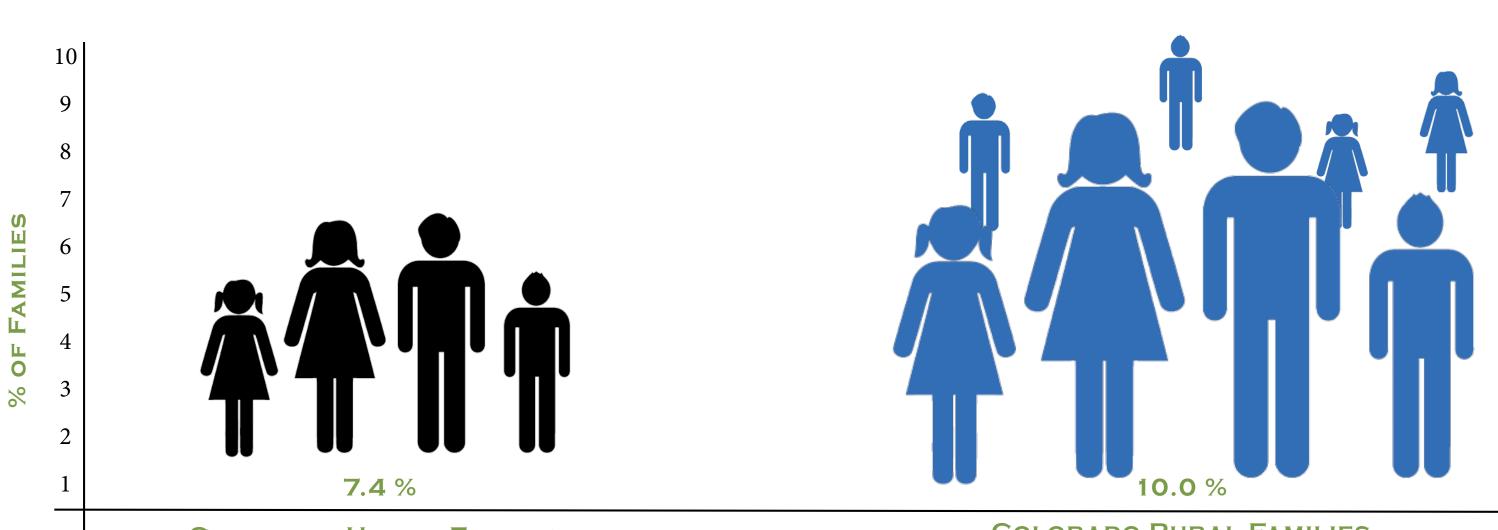
## COLORADO IS A RURAL STATE

#### DEMOGRAPHICS

- 73% of Colorado's 64 counties are rural; 17 are urban, 24 are rural and 23 are frontier.
- 77% of Colorado's land mass, or

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ographic ignations	Population			
Urban	4,308,618			
Rural	965,106			







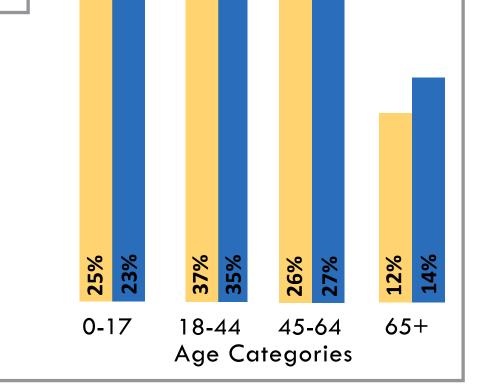


The State Office of Rural Health

approximately 79,884 square miles, is rural (see map for designations).

• 18% of the population, or 965,106 people, reside in rural counties. Five rural counties have less than one person per square mile.



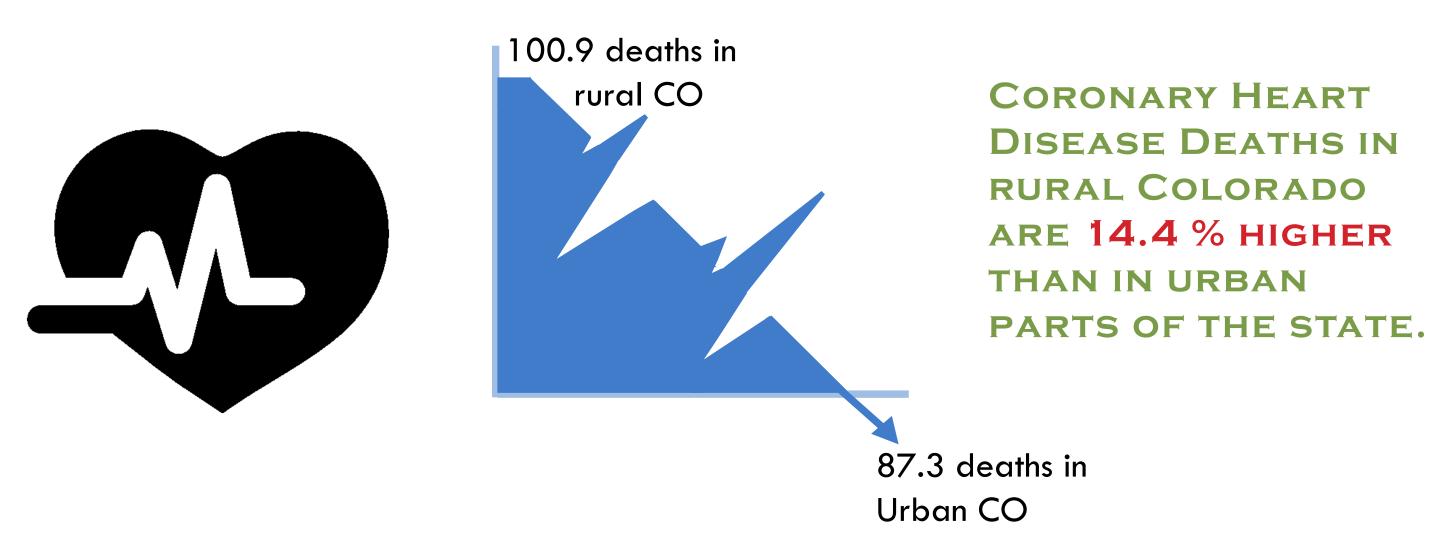


Urban counties are those counties 17 Urban that meet the Office of Management and Budget criteria for metropolitan counties. Frontier is 24 Rural a subset of rural; they are counties with a population density of **23** Frontier six or fewer people per square mile.

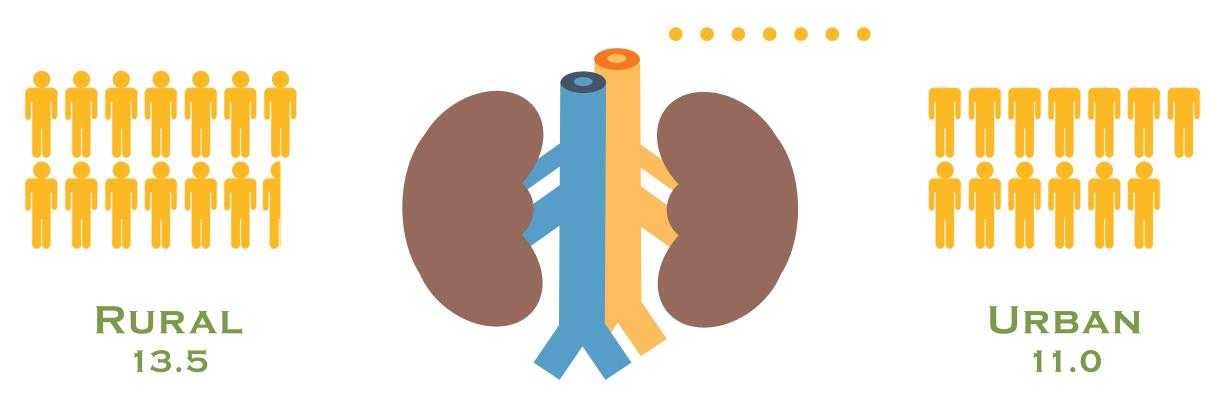
#### **COLORADO URBAN FAMILIES**

**COLORADO RURAL FAMILIES** 

#### **DISPARITIES IN DISEASE RATES CORONARY HEART DISEASE DEATHS (PER 100,000)**



#### KIDNEY DISEASE DEATHS (AVERAGE PER 100,000)



#### **ADULTS WITH TOOTH LOSS DUE TO PERIODONTAL DISEASE**



### FACED WITH RURAL HEALTH DISPARITIES

#### **INCOME AND POVERTY**

- The income gap between rural and urban counties persists. The median household income in rural counties is 26.5% less than the median household income in urban (\$45,307 compared to \$61,642).
- 9.8% of families living in rural counties live below the Federal Poverty Level
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(FPL). In urban counties, 8.9% of families live below the FPL. For a family or household of four, the 2014 poverty guideline is \$23,850. 24.5% of children residing in rural counties live in poverty, as compared to 15.8% of urban children. 36.4% of rural children are eligible for free or reduced priced school meals.



ALL STATISTICS ARE FROM THE HARC DATABANK, A SERVICE OF THE **COLORADO RURAL HEALTH CENTER** 

### **POSITIVE TRENDS IN THE RURAL HEALTHCARE** DELIVERY SYSTEM

#### **CANCER SCREENING VS. OUTCOMES**



**DESPITE A WORSE SIGMOIDOSCOPY**/ **COLONOSCOPY RATE IN RURAL COUNTIES (53%) VS. 60% IN URBAN), COLORECTAL CANCER DEATHS REMAINED NEAR EVEN IN RURAL VS. URBAN COUNTIES** 

**AVERAGE COLORECTAL CANCER DEATHS PER** 100,000 PEOPLE

> 15.5 (RURAL) 15.4 (URBAN)

### CAHS SAVE MONEY & HAVE HIGHER SATISFACTION

30-day

Readmission

rate for iCARE

CAHs is



**CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITALS PROVIDE COST-**EFFECTIVE PRIMARY CARE. IN FACT, IN COMPARING IDENTICAL MEDICARE SERVICES IN A RURAL SETTING TO AN URBAN SETTING, THE COST OF CARE IN A RURAL SETTING IS ON-AVERAGE 3.7 % LESS EXPENSIVE.

4x

lower



HOSPITALS IN RURAL AREAS HAVE SIGNIFICANTLY HIGHER RATINGS ON PATIENTS' ASSESSMENTS OF CARE THAN THOSE LOCATED IN URBAN AREAS.

### ICARE HAS A DIRECT EFFECT ON READMISSION RATES

### BUILDING ON THE SUCCESSES OF COLORADO'S RURAL HEALTHCARE DELIVERY SYSTEM

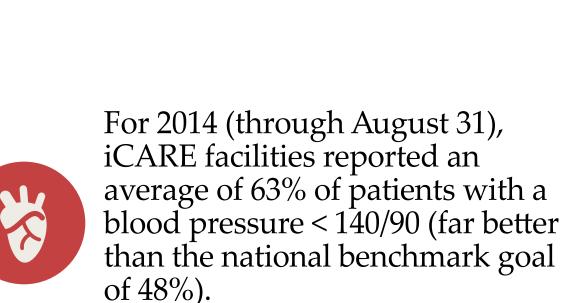
As Colorado's State Office of Rural Health, the Colorado Rural Health Center (CRHC) receives the Federal Medicare Rural Hospital Flexibility (FLEX) Grant through the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) to provide support and resources to Colorado's 29 rural Critical Access Hospitals (CAHs).

CAHs, which have a federal designation allowing them to receive 101 percent of Medicare cost reimbursement, must meet certain criteria including being located in rural areas and at least 35 miles (or 15 miles in the case of mountainous terrain or only secondary road access) from other hospitals, and have no more than 25 inpatient beds. CRHC created iCARE (Improving Communications and Readmissions) as an opportunity to engage Colorado CAHs and their clinics in a statewide improvement project aligning with national trends and funding priorities demonstrating sustainable improvements and outcomes.

iCARE's three primary goals are:

- Improve communication in transitions of care,
  Maintain low readmission rates, and

- Improve clinical processes contributing to readmissions, particularly for heart failure, pneumonia and diabetic patients.



than the

cited national

average of

~20%

In the last 12 months, iCARE facilities provided pneumonia vaccinations to a median 91% of patients ages 65+. Rural counties as a whole provided vaccinations a median 68.9% of the time.

iCARE facilities saw a decrease from 37.4-21.9 % of patients with A1C>9% in the last 12 months.

#### WWW.CORURALHEALTH.ORG

CRHC is the recipient of the Federal HRSA Medicare Rural Hospital Flexibility Program Grant: CFDA 93.241; Award 2 H54RH00056-113-00. iCARE is supported through CRHC's receipt of Federal HRSA Medicare Rural Hospital Flexibility Program Grant: CFDA 93.241; Award 2 H54RH00056-13-00 and the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment's Cancer, Cardiovascular, and Pulmonary Disease Grant Program.



THE

ICARE

IMPACT

Improving Communication and Readmission